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Name..... Reg. No.....

SIXTH SEMESTER U.G. DEGREE EXAMINATION, MARCH 2022

(CBCSS—UG)

B.Com.

BCM 6B 14—INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT (CO-OPERATION SPECIALISATION)

(2019 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

Section A

Answer at least **ten** questions. Each question carries 3 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 1. What is a Labour exchange ?
- 2. What are the objectives of National Co-operative Union of India?
- 3. What are the features of Schulze Delitzsch Banks?
- 4. What are Collective farming and communal farming ?
- 5. What is the Dairy Society of Denmark?
- 6. What are Millennium Development Goals?
- 7. What are the the features of Induscos.
- 8. What is Lurbrand ?
- 9. What is GCMMF?
- 10. What are the features of Fenwick Weaver's Society ?
- 11. Write a short note on the Rochdale Society of Equitable Pioneers.
- 12. What are the objectives of ACCOSCA?
- 13. What do you mean by co-operatives ?
- 14. What do you mean by Consumer co-operative worldwide?
- 15. What are the functions of the World Bank?

 $(10 \times 3 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Turn over

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Section B

Answer at least **five** questions. Each question carries 6 marks. All questions can be attended. Overall Ceiling 30.

- 16. Write a note on the Co-operative movement in Denmark.
- 17. What are the objectives of IHCO?
- 18. Write a note on Cocoa Co-operatives.
- 19. What are the duties of a WAY member ?
- 20. Discuss the Co-operative Movement in JAPAN.
- 21. What are the functions of AARDO?
- 22. Write a note on London Co-operative Society.
- 23. Discuss the co-operative movement in Great Britain.

 $(5 \times 6 = 30 \text{ marks})$

Section C

Answer any **two** questions. Each question carries 10 marks.

- 24. What are the objectives of IFFCO?
- 25. What is ICA ? Explain its objectives of ICA ?
- 26. Discuss African Confederation of Co-Operatives Savings and Credit Associations.
- 27. Discuss the Contributions of Robert Owen in the Co-operative Movement?

 $(2 \times 10 = 20 \text{ marks})$

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B.Com.

BCM 6B 14—INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT

(CO-OPERATION SPECIALISATION)

(2019 Admissions)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

Time : 15 Minutes

Total No. of Questions : 20

Maximum : 20 Marks

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE

- 1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
- 2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
- 3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
- 4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

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BCM 6B 14—INTERNATIONAL CO-OPERATIVE MOVEMENT

(CO-OPERATION SPECIALISATION)

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1 movemen	can be an impo	rtant instrument	in furthe	ring the social	ist progress.
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- (A) Co-operative. (B) Privatization.
- (C) Both (A) and (B). (D) None of the above.

2. _____ is nothing but "self-help made effective by organisation."

- (A) Co-operation. (B) Joint stock companies.
 - (C) Cartels. (D) Trusts.

3. A — has been defined as an "economic and social organisation of the working people, serving not only interest of the members, but also social progress," which promotes safeguards and realizes the interests and aspirations of the working people".

	(A)	Co-operative organisation.	(B)	Private organisation.	
	(C)	Public organisation.	(D)	All of these.	
4.	Co-ope:	ration is a product of ————	<u> </u> .		
	(A)	First world war.	(B)	Second world war.	
	(C)	Industrial Revolution.	(D)	None of these.	
5. Consumer Co-operative Movement started in ———.					
	(A)	Germany.	(B)	England.	
	(C)	France.	(D)	USSR.	
6.	Schulz	e Delitzsch was born in ————			
	(A)	1818.	(B)	1808.	
	(C)	1771.	(D)	1757.	
7.	France	Charles Fourier was born in ——		——.	
	(A)	1722.	(B)	1808.	
	(C)	1771.	(D)	1757.	

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8.	In Ger handici	many, ———— was the cafts.	prom	noter of urban co-operatives an	d co-operatives
	(A)	France Charles Fourier.	(B)	Schulze-Delitzch.	
	(C)	Friedrich Wilhelm Raiffeisen.	(D)	None of the above.	
9.	F.W.Ra	aiffeisen was the promoter of ——		—— in Germany.	
	(A)	Dairy Co-operatives.	(B)	Co-operatives in handicrafts.	
	(C)	Urban co-operatives.	(D)	Rural credit co-operatives.	
10.	On 21 of ——	.12.1844, the Rochdale Pionee	ers es	tablished a society with a w	orking capital
	(A)	£288.	(B)	£28.	
	(C)	£208.	(D)	£82.	
11.		is the birthplace of co-op	perativ	ve credit movement in the World.	
	(A)	Great Britian.	(B)	Denmark.	
	(C)	Germany.	(D)	USSR.	
12.	ICA ref	fers to			
	(A) International Co-operative Alliance.				
	(B) Indian Co-operative Association.				
	(C) Indonesian Co-operative Association.				
	(D) International Control of Alliances.				
13.	The Ch	inese Industrial Cooperative Asso	ciatior	n (CICA or Indusco) founded in —	
	(A)	1938.	(B)	1932.	
	(C)	1912.	(D)	1915.	
14.	In the S	Soviet Union co-operative run colle	ective f	farms are called ————	
	(A)	Kolkhozy.	(B)	Sovkhozy.	
	(C)	Kibbutz.	(D)	Farm houses.	
15.	Co-oper	rative societies in Japan were initi	ated d	uring the era of	- democracy.
	(A)	Edo.	(B)	Meiji.	
	(C)	Showa.	(D)	Taisho.	Turn over

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16.	ACCOS	SCA has a membership of		— countries in Africa.		
	(A)	36.	(B)	38.		
	(C)	28.	(D)	25.		
17.	KNCU	is abreviation for ————				
	(A)	Kenyan Native Co-operative Unio	on.			
	(B)	Kilimanjaro Native Co-operative Union.				
	(C)	Korean Native Co-operative Unio	n.			
	(D)	Katmandu Native Co-operative U	nion.			
18.						
	(A)	D.R. Gadgil.	(B)	Vaikunthbhai Mehta.		
	(C)	Sardar Patel.	(D)	Dr. Kurien.		
19.	Denma	rk is famous for0	Co-ope	eratives.		
	(A)	Credit.	(B)	Store.		
	(C)	Dairy.	(D)	Consumer.		
20.	The —	is the highest author	ority o	f the ICA.		
	(A)	General assembly.	(B)	Board.		
	(C)	Regional elected bodies.	(D)	Audit and control body.		