C 20017	(Pag	es:4)	Name
			Reg. No
SIXTH	SEMESTER U.G. DEGRE	E EXAMINAT	ION, MARCH 2022
	(CUCBC	SS—UG)	
	B.C	com.	
BCM 6B	15—FINANCE SPECIALIZAT	ION IV : FINAN	ICIAL MANAGEMENT
	(2017 and 201	18 Admissions)	
Time: Three Ho	ours		Maximum: 80 Marks
	Par	rt A	
		I questions.	
(A) Changa tha	Each question Correct Answer :	carries 1 mark.	
. ,	correct Answer : rimary goal of the financial mana;	roment is	
a)	To maximize the return.	gement is ———	
,	To maximize the profit.		
c)	To maximize the wealth of the ov	vners.	
d)	To minimize the risk.		
2 The va	aluation of a financial asset is bas	ed on determining	:
a)	The present value of future cash	flows.	
b)	The current yield to maturity on	long term corporat	e bonds.
c)	The capital budgeting process.		
d)	What the corporation is paying to	attract preferred s	shareholders.
3 Accord	ling to traditional approach, avera	age cost of capital –	 .
a)	Remains constant up to a degree increase in leverage.	e of leverage and ri	ses sharply thereafter with every
b)	Rises constantly with increase in	leverage.	
c)	Decreases up to a certain point, and rises beyond a certain point.		l for moderate increase in leverage
d)	Decreases at an increasing rate v	with increase in lev	arage.
4 Which	of the following is the first step in	n capital budgeting	process?
a)	Approval of the proposal.	b) Screening the	proposal.

 $c) \quad Implementing \ the \ proposal. \qquad d) \quad Identification \ of \ investment \ proposal.$

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5	5 The term — refers	to the period in which the project	will generate the	
	necessary cash flow to recoup the	initial investment.		
	a) Internal return.	b) Payback Period.		
	c) Discounting return.	d) Accounting Return.		
Fill	ll in the blanks :			
6	6 A project costs Rs. 1,00,000 annu	al cash flow of Rs. 20,000 for 8 year	rs. Its payback period	
	is———years.			
7	7 ————————————————————————————————————	dend Ratio Method.		
8	B The mix of debt and equity in a fir	m is referred to as the firm's———		
9	Net working capital refers to ——			
10	O Operating Leverage X Financial I	Leverage =		
			$(10 \times 1 = 10 \text{ marks})$	
Part B (Short Answer Questions)				

Answer any **eight** questions. Each question carries 2 marks.

- 11 What are the objectives of financial management?
- 12 Define cost of capital.
- 13 Write any *two* advantages of leverage.
- 14 Define capital structure.
- 15 Define cash management.
- 16 What is the concept of "Time Value of Money"?
- 17 Distinguish between systematic risk and unsystematic risk.
- 18 Calculate the NPV for a project which required an initial investment of Rs. 20,000 and which involves a net cash inflow of Rs. 6,000 each year for 6 years. Cost of funds is 8 percent. (Present value of Annuity of One Rupee at 8 percent discount factor for 6 years = 4.623).
- 19 A company purchases a component of a product at the rate of Rs. 50 per piece. The annual consumption of that component is 25,000 pieces, if the ordering cost is Rs. 230 per order and carrying cost is 20 percent per annum, what would be the EOQ?
- 20 What is dividend payout ratio?

 $(8 \times 2 = 16 \text{ marks})$

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Part C

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Answer any **six** questions. Each question carries 4 marks.

- 21 Explain the different types of dividend.
- 22 What are the stages of capital budgeting process?
- 23 Explain various inventory control techniques.
- 24 What are the assumptions of Walter's model?
- 25 There are two projects A and B. Each involves an investment of Rs. 50,000. The expected cash inflows and the certainly co-efficient are as under:

Year	Project A		Project B	
	Cash inflows	Certainly	Cash inflows	Certainly
		Co-efficient		Co-efficient
1	35,000	.8	25,000	.9
2	30,000	.7	35,000	.8
3	20,000	.9	20,000	.7

Risk-free cutoff rate is 10 %. Suggest which of the two projects should be preferred.

26 Simplified Income statement of Z Ltd. is given below. Calculate and interpret its degree of operating leverage, financial leverage and combined leverage :

Sales		10,50,000
Variable Cost	•••	7,67,000
Fixed Cost		75,000
EBIT		2,08,000
Interest		1,10,000
Taxes (30%)		29,400
Net Income	•••	68,600

ABC Ltd. issues 20,000, 8 % preference shares of Rs. 100 each. Redeemable after 8 years at a premium of 10 %. The cost of issue is Rs. 2 per share. Calculate the cost of preference share capital.

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28 Prepare an estimate of working capital requirement from the following information of a trading concerns:

Projected annual sales 10,000 units Selling price Rs. 10 per unit

Percentage of net profit on sales 20 %

Average credit period allowed to customers 8 Weeks

Average credit period allowed by suppliers 4 Weeks

Average stock holding in terms of sales requirements 12 Weeks

Allow 10 % for contingencies

 $(6 \times 4 = 24 \text{ marks})$

Part D

Answer any **two** questions.

Each question carries 15 marks.

- 29 Explain Finance Function, approaches to Finance Function and the relationship of Finance Function with other Business Function.
- 30 A company has on its books the following amounts and specific costs of each type of capital:

Type of Capital	Book Value	Market value	Specific Cost
Debt	4,00,000	3,80,000	5
Preference	1,00,000	1,10,000	8
Equity	6,00,000	9,00,000	15
Retained Earnings	2,00,000	3,00,000	13
Total	13,00,000	16,90,000	

Determine the weighted average cost of capital using:

- (a) Book value weights, and
- (b) Market value weights.

How are they different? Can you think of a situation where the weighted average cost of capital would be the same using either of the weights?

31 The following information relates to XYZ Ltd:

Paid-up capital ... Rs. 20,00,000
Earnings of the company ... Rs. 2,00,000
Dividend paid ... Rs. 1,60,000

Price earnings ratio ... 12.5 Number of shares outstanding ... 20,000

You are required to find out the whether the company's dividend pay out ratio is optimal using Walter's model.

 $(2 \times 15 = 30 \text{ marks})$