

D 120734

(Pages : 2)

Name.....

Reg. No.....

**FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2025**

Sociology

SGY 4B 05—INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL RESEARCH

(2019—2023 Admissions)

Time : Two Hours and a Half

Maximum : 80 Marks

*Answer can be written in English or Malayalam
Only one language should be used throughout the answer script.*

Section A (Short Answer Type)

*All questions can be answered.
Each question carries 2 marks.
(Ceiling 25 marks)*

1. Explain monographs.
2. Define Universe.
3. Illustrate the variable relation in an alternative hypothesis.
4. Elucidate the function of research questions.
5. Describe the issues of plagiarism.
6. What is meant by positivism ?
7. Mention the uses of qualitative research.
8. State the advantages of literature review.
9. Explain extraneous variable.
10. Clarify the need of reference.
11. Describe the purpose and use of interview guide.
12. Define Ethnography.
13. What is need of open ended questionnaire ?

Turn over

14. Explain dissertation.
15. Narrate the method oral history.

Section B (Paragraph/Problem Type)

*All questions can be answered.
Each question carries 5 marks.
(Ceiling 35 marks)*

16. Describe two types of social research based on the mode of research.
17. Differentiate objectivity and subjectivity of a research.
18. Demonstrate various types of hypotheses.
19. Discuss the different types of probability sampling methods.
20. Explain the benefits of literature survey in a social research.
21. Differentiate between participant and non-participant observation.
22. Briefly describe the issues of plagiarism in a research report.
23. Write a note on process and use of referencing.

Section C (Essay Type)

*Answer any **two** of the following question.
Each question carries 10 marks.*

24. Illustrate two kinds of survey methods with its features, advantages and limitations.
25. Demonstrate the exploratory, descriptive and longitudinal research design.
26. Briefly explain the steps and contents in social Research.
27. Explain the process of literature survey and the relevance of literature review in research.

(2 × 10 = 20 marks)

D 120734–A**(Pages : 5)****Name.....****Reg. No.....****FOURTH SEMESTER (CBCSS—UG) DEGREE EXAMINATION
APRIL 2025****Sociology****SGY 4B 05—INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL RESEARCH****(2019—2023 Admissions)****(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)****Time : 15 Minutes****Total No. of Questions : 20****Maximum : 20 Marks****INSTRUCTIONS TO THE CANDIDATE**

1. This Question Paper carries Multiple Choice Questions from 1 to 20.
2. The candidate should check that the question paper supplied to him/her contains all the 20 questions in serial order.
3. Each question is provided with choices (A), (B), (C) and (D) having one correct answer. Choose the correct answer and enter it in the main answer-book.
4. The MCQ question paper will be supplied after the completion of the descriptive examination.

SGY 4B 05—INTRODUCTION TO SOCIAL RESEARCH

(Multiple Choice Questions for SDE Candidates)

1. Who coined the term 'Thick description' ?
 - (A) Ferdinand Tonnies.
 - (B) Clifford Geertz.
 - (C) Louis Worth.
 - (D) Howard Winant.
2. Ethnographic research mainly used in _____.
 - (A) Qualitative research.
 - (B) Quantitative research.
 - (C) Survey.
 - (D) None of the above.
3. The researcher can the type of research design mainly using to study ongoing or repetitive methods to track specific people over long, it is called _____ ?
 - (A) Exploratory Design.
 - (B) Diagnostic Design.
 - (C) Longitudinal studies.
 - (D) Historical design.
4. Who defined "hypothesis as a tentative statement about something, the validity of which is usually unknown" ?
 - (A) Patrick Geddes.
 - (B) Emory.
 - (C) Black and Champion.
 - (D) Clover and Balsley.
5. The functions of social science research are _____ ?
 - (A) Prediction.
 - (B) Diagnosis of problems and their analysis.
 - (C) Development of planning.
 - (D) All of the above.
6. Which one of the following is a tools for data collection ?
 - (A) Ethnography.
 - (B) Questionnaire.
 - (C) Social survey.
 - (D) Oral history.

7. Which of the following method of data collection allows for the collection of information on a large number of individuals ?
- (A) Oral history. (B) Case study.
(C) Historical study. (D) Social survey.
8. ————— is a sampling technique in which researcher relies on his or her own judgment when selecting members of population to participate in the study.
- (A) Purposive sampling. (B) Convenience sampling.
(C) Stratified sampling. (D) Snow ball sampling.
9. Which of the component of dissertation provide supplementary information to that supports the originality of their study ?
- (A) Indexing. (B) Appendix.
(C) Footnotes. (D) Source references.
10. Which of the following is a feature of a good research report ?
- (A) Clarity. (B) Conciseness.
(C) Veracity. (D) All of the above.
11. A type of book written on a single specialized topic, primarily based on original research papers, is called ————— ?
- (A) Dissertation. (B) Thesis.
(C) Monograph. (D) Project report.
12. ————— are a specific category of information that can be gathered by observation, surveys, or inquiries.
- (A) Hypothesis. (B) Variables.
(C) Data. (D) Objectives.
13. Find out odd one ?
- (A) Experimental Research. (B) Analytical Study.
(C) Historical Research. (D) Descriptive Study.

Turn over

14. Why should you review existing literature ?
- (A) To help with your general study.
 - (B) For providing extensive references.
 - (C) To find out what is already known about your area of your study.
 - (D) Because it is part of the research process.
15. In this observation process, the observer stands apart from the phenomenon being observed and does not take part in it, can be called _____ ?
- (A) Uncontrolled observation.
 - (B) Participant observation.
 - (C) Direct observation.
 - (D) Non-participant observation.
16. Which of the following is research based on a deductive approach ?
- (A) Historical approach.
 - (B) Quantitative research.
 - (C) Qualitative approach.
 - (D) Quantitative and qualitative approach.
17. _____ is a method of testing the validity of a statistical hypothesis related to a research topic ?
- (A) Experiment.
 - (B) Descriptive.
 - (C) Exploration.
 - (D) None of the above.
18. The term _____, refers to an issue that is addressed in the study by data analysis and interpretation ?
- (A) Assumption.
 - (B) Research questions.
 - (C) Concepts.
 - (D) Variables.

19. Which of the following is a criteria of good research problem ?
- (A) Should characterize the relationship between two or more variables.
 - (B) Research issue should be formulated as a query.
 - (C) Issue must be able to be empirically checked.
 - (D) All of the above.
20. Which of the following data source consider as an original data source and obtained by the researcher directly ?
- (A) Primary data source.
 - (B) Secondary data Source.
 - (C) Tertiary data source.
 - (D) All of the above.